



AN INNOVATION OF



**IFC**

**International  
Finance Corporation**  
World Bank Group

# A Resource Efficiency Classification System for Developing Countries

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## **History and Purpose**

What is the need for another system?

## **Structure**

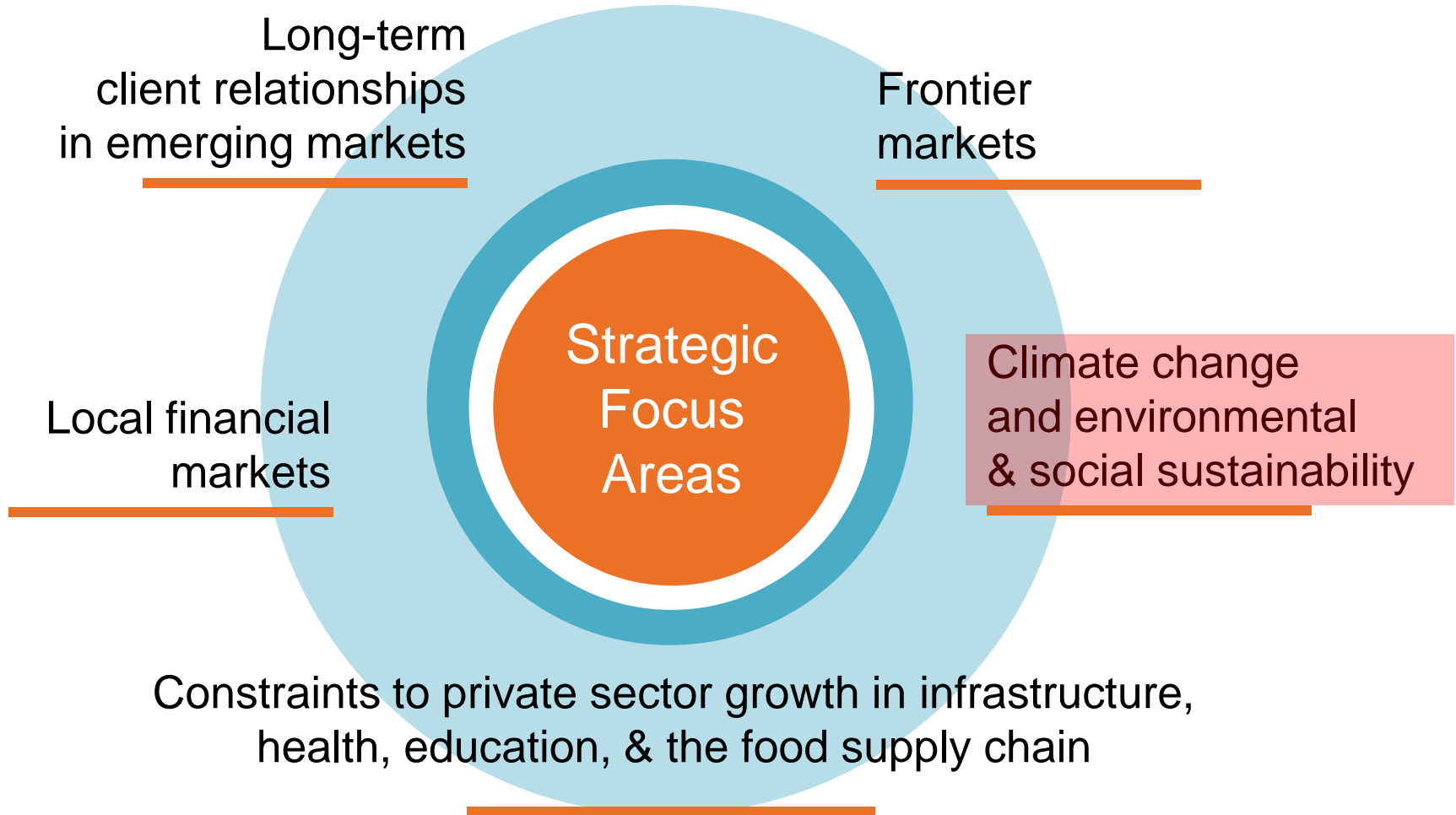
EDGE Tool and Certification

## **Case Studies**

# History and Purpose

What is the need for another  
system?

# IFC's Priorities



## Why are Green Buildings Important?

**Buildings cause 40% of global  
GHG emissions**

**70% of the world will live in cities by  
2050 causing increased demand  
for buildings**

## Climate change

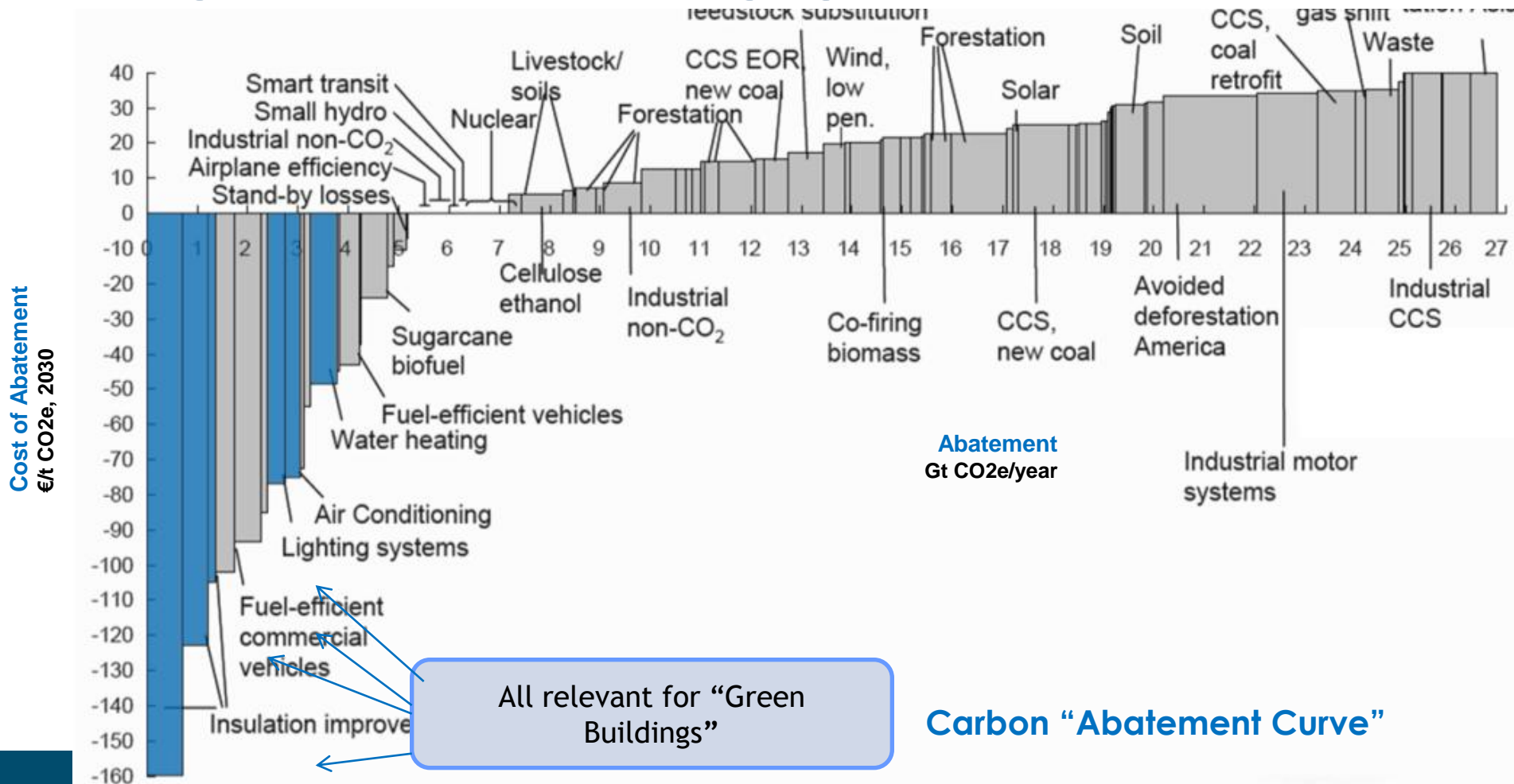


**Extreme weather events-  
droughts, floods**

**Threats to food security  
and livelihoods-  
harmful effects on  
agriculture, fishery and  
forestry**



# Buildings provide the low hanging fruits for abatement

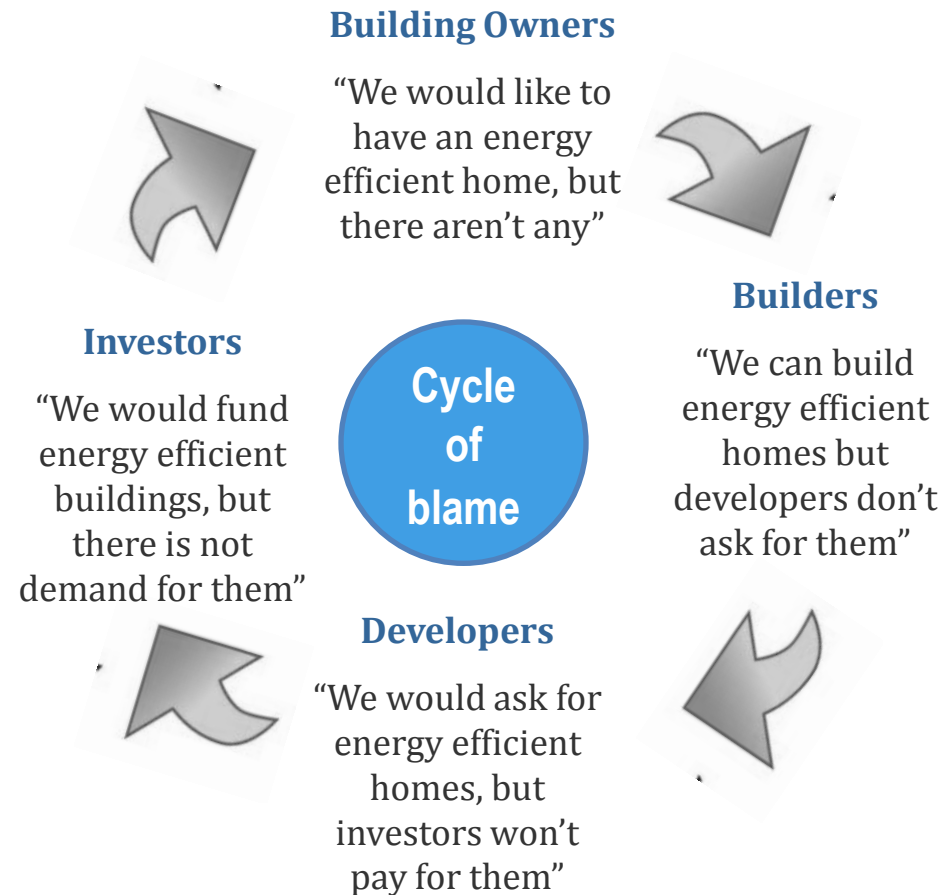




Buildings are part  
of a big problem,  
  
...but they can be a  
big part of the  
solution!

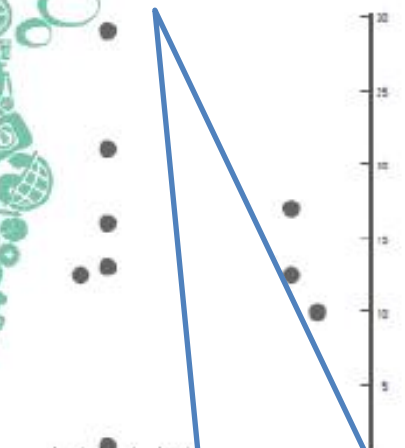
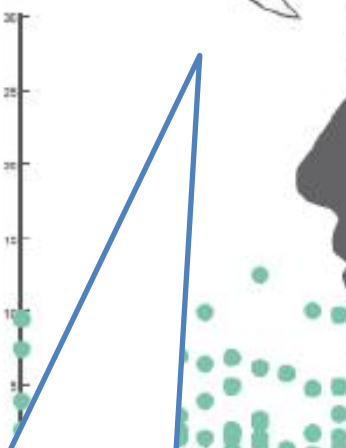
# Why isn't everyone building green buildings?

1. **Absence of market demand for efficient Buildings**
2. **Building energy regulations are not set up yet**
3. **The voluntary standards is not widely adopted by the mass market**
4. **Lack of technical capacity**
5. **Ineffective incentives**



-0.4% to 12.5%  
Cost premium for green buildings (actual costs based on various studies)

0.9% to 29%  
Estimated cost premium for green buildings (based on design stage estimates and surveys)

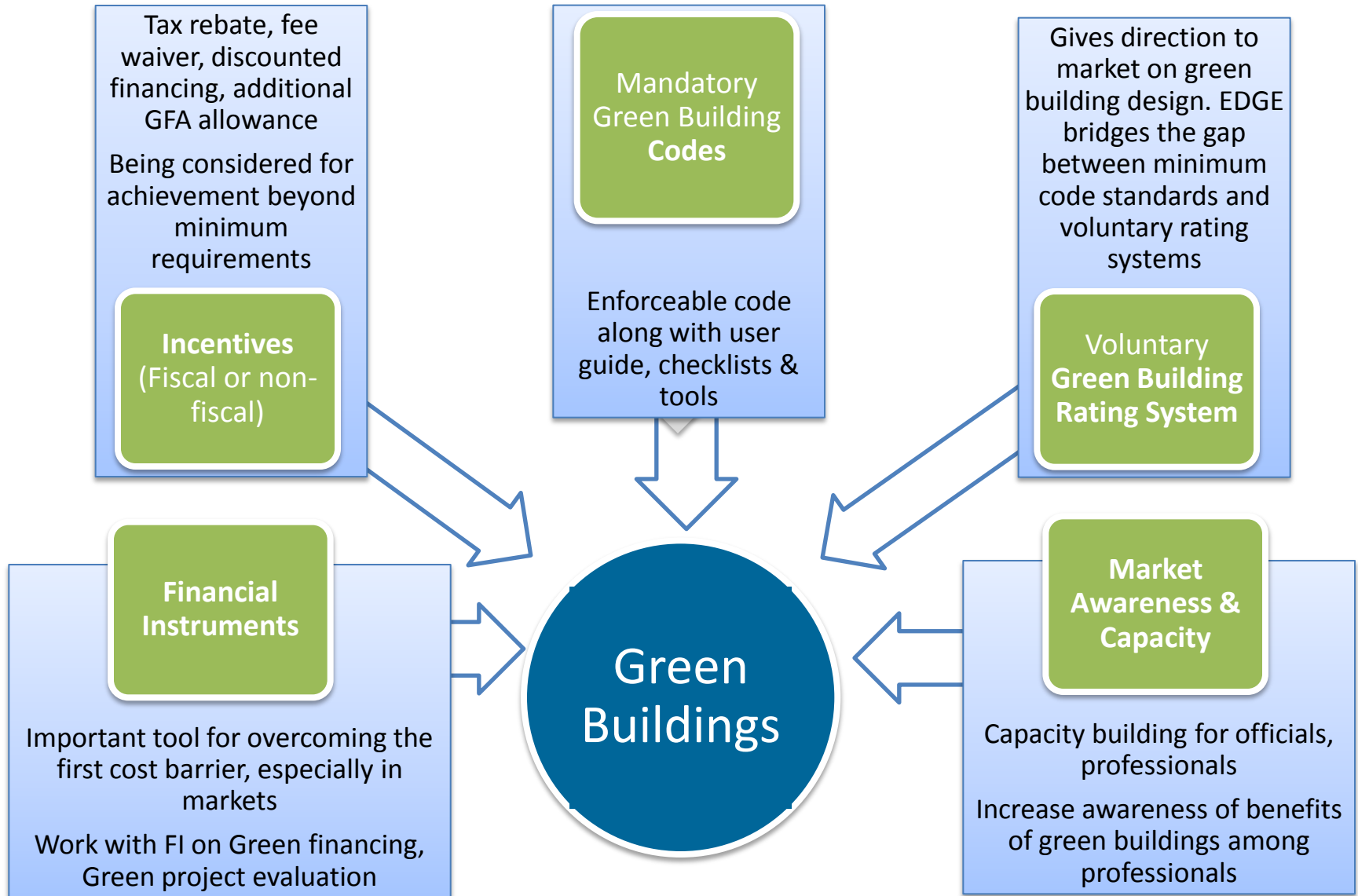


**This is the actual incremental cost of green buildings**

**This is what most people think is additional cost of building green**

Source: Business Case for Green Buildings, WorldGBC 2013

# Combined Approach



## IFC Support for Green Building Sector

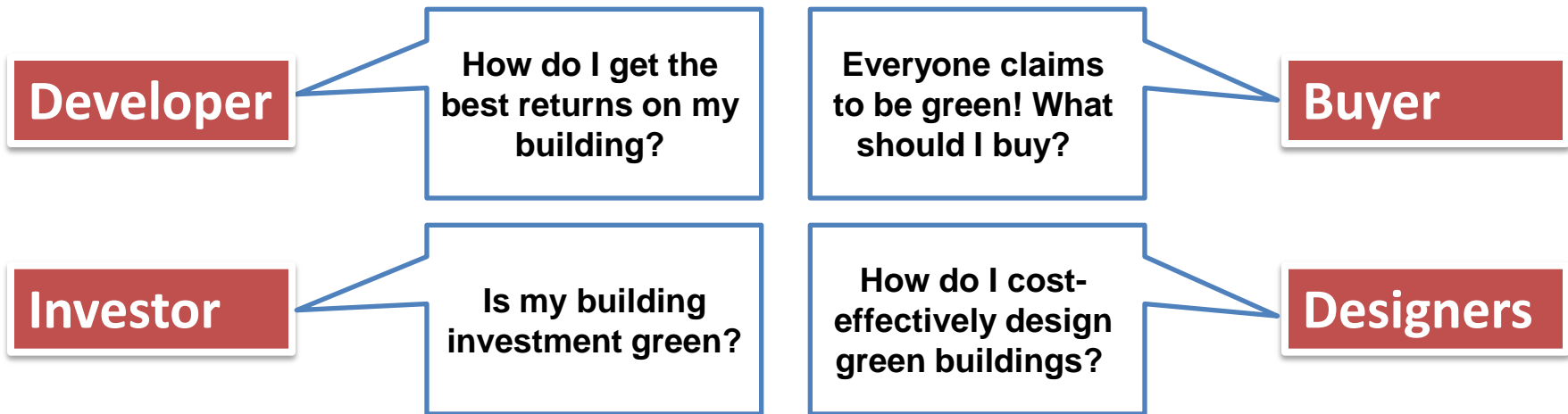
- Green Building Regulations
- Financial products for
  - Green building developers and owner operators (green construction loans)
  - Green building material manufacturers
  - Green building buyers (green mortgage)
- Supporting the creation or growth of Energy Service Companies [ESCOs]
- Working with associations to increase demand and knowledge of the benefits of green building

## What is EDGE?

- EDGE stands for “Excellence in Design for Greater Efficiencies.”
- EDGE is a resource efficiency classification system designed for emerging markets.
- EDGE reveals technical solutions for going green and captures capital costs and projected operational savings.
- EDGE can be used by building professionals without the need for expensive green building specialists.



## Decision making



**The mass market needs a  
simple  
quick  
& affordable**

**resource efficiency rating system for market transformation**

## Available Systems

### General Guidelines

- Provide general guidance
- Not very useful for evaluating specific building designs

### Detailed Building Analysis

- Very useful for guiding design decisions
- Too expensive to be used on most projects



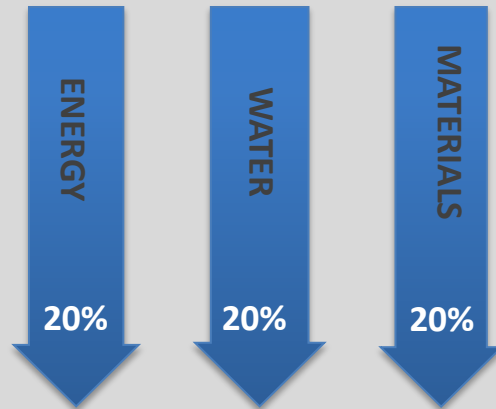
**EDGE is designed to help good decision making on  
Energy, Water and Material  
use in buildings**

# What is “Excellence in Design for Greater Efficiencies?”



**An Assessment Tool  
+ Rating System**

+



**A Universal Standard**

+



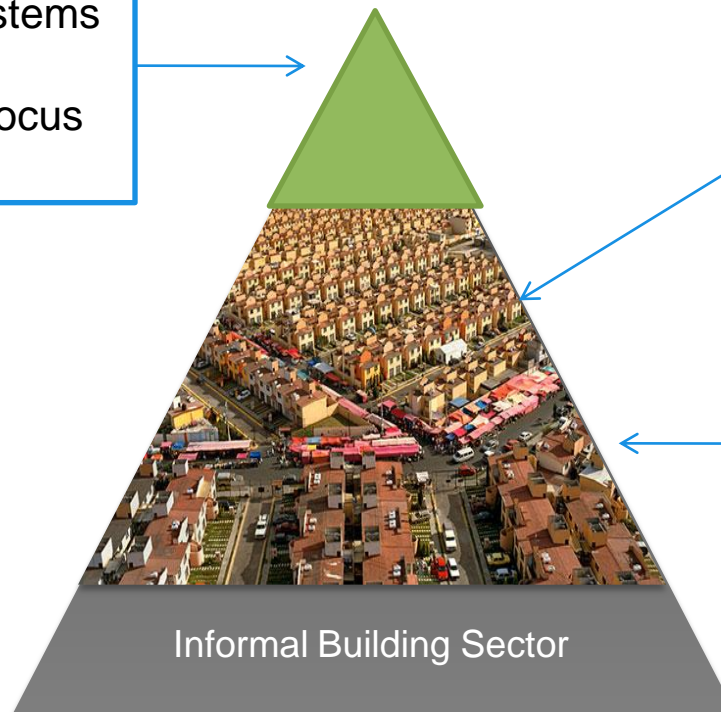
**A Certification  
System**

# How can EDGE Make an Impact in Emerging Markets?

Current ratings systems have provided leadership with a focus on top-tier clients

EDGE can democratize the green buildings market

- Limited capacity to implement regulations
- Need for 'voluntary' quasi-regulations system
- Need for simple, quick, and affordable system



# How can EDGE Make an Impact in Emerging Markets?

## Creates green stock

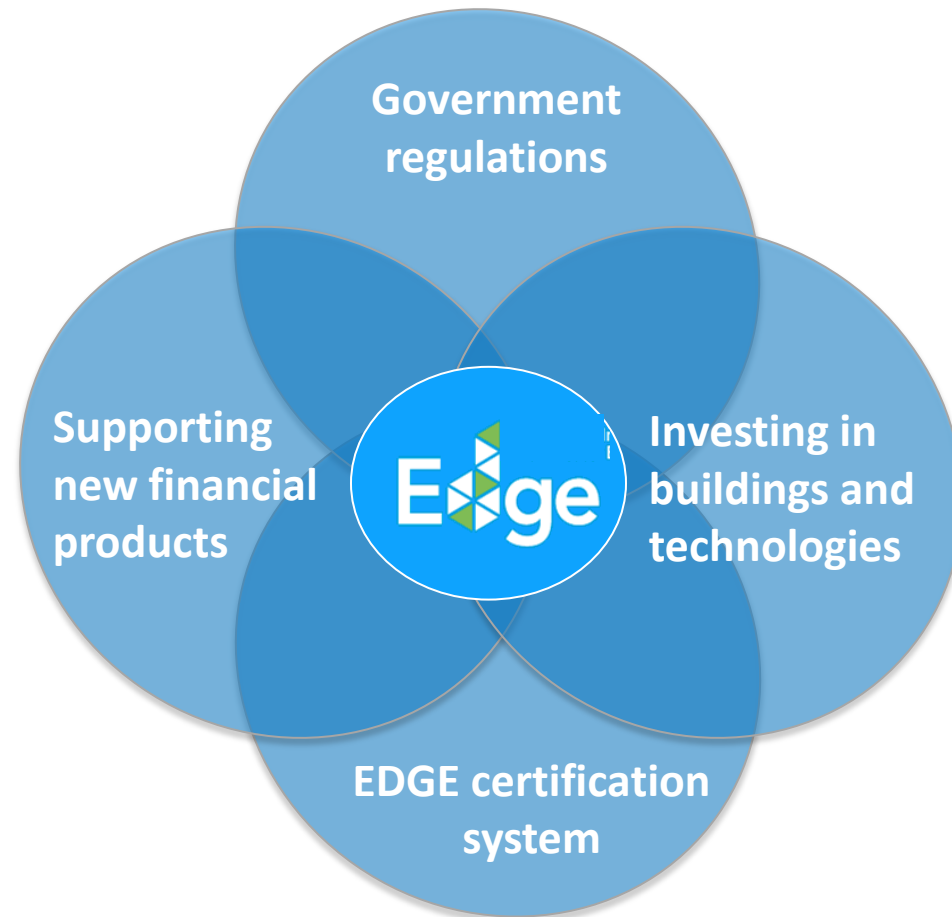
- Government regulations – new green building codes
- Investing in construction of new homes

## Certifies green stock

- EDGE certification system
- Partnerships with local Green Building Council

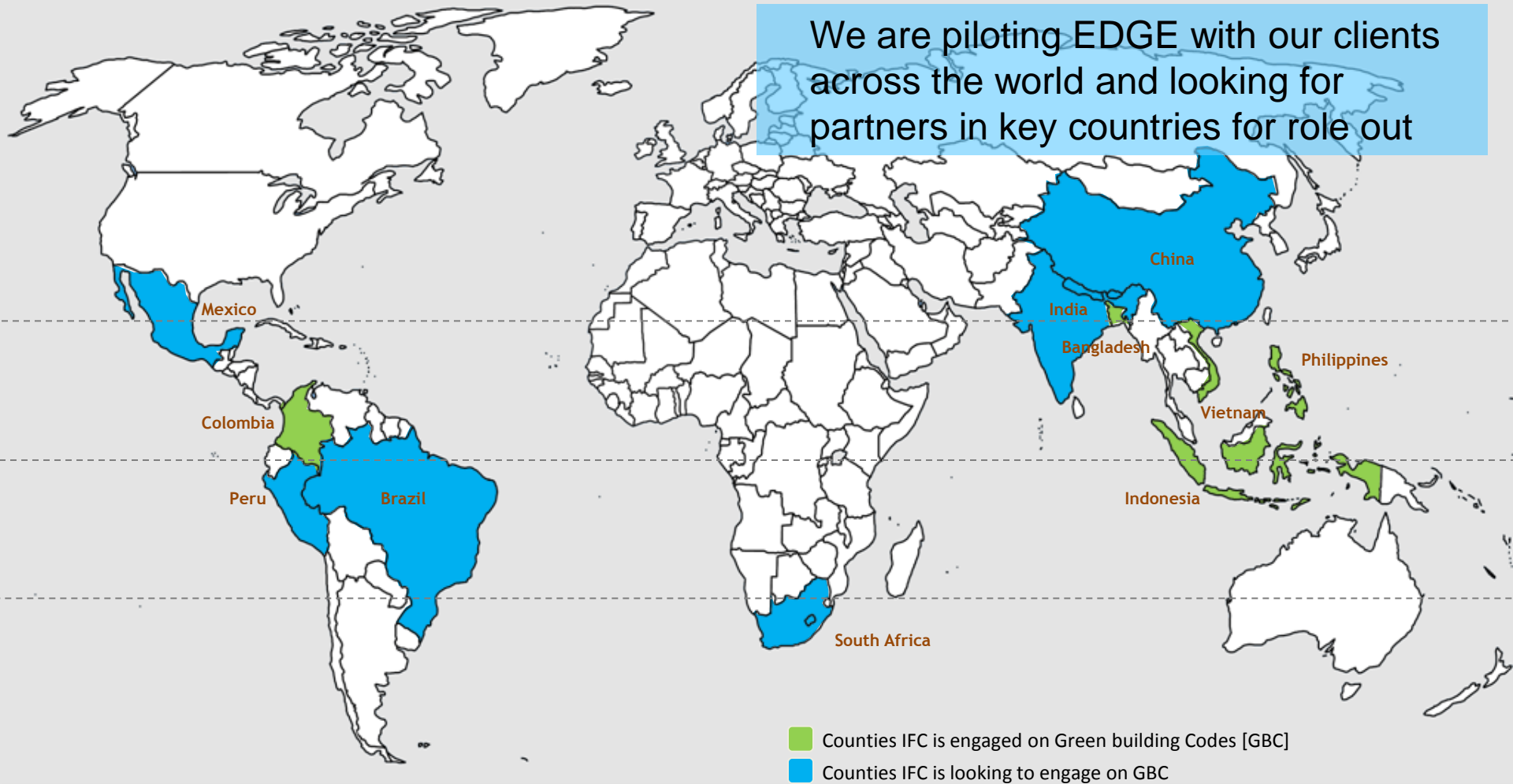
## Business opportunity

- Training and capacity building with banks
- Investment in credit lines



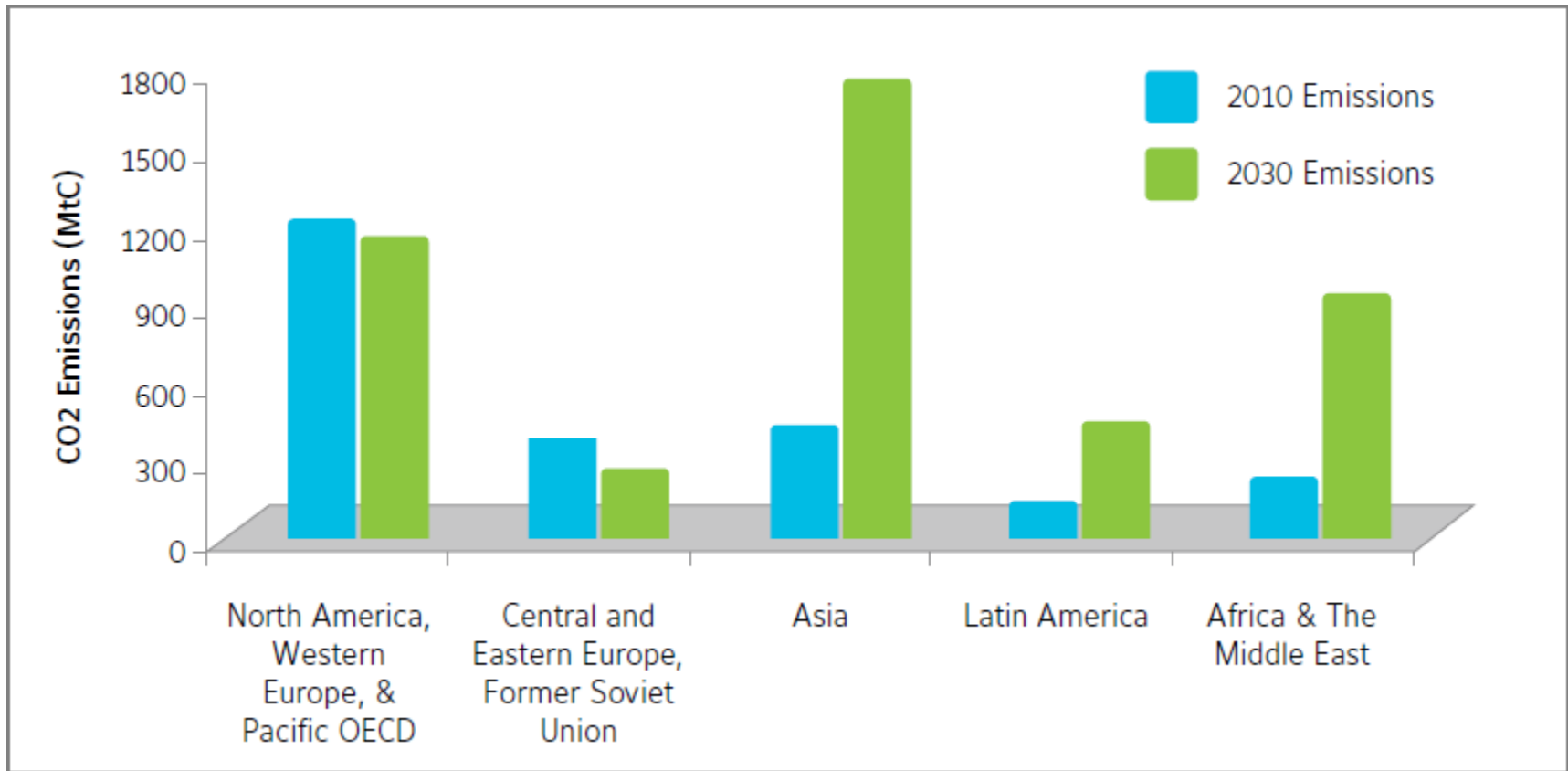
## Where are we looking to introduce EDGE?

We are piloting EDGE with our clients across the world and looking for partners in key countries for role out



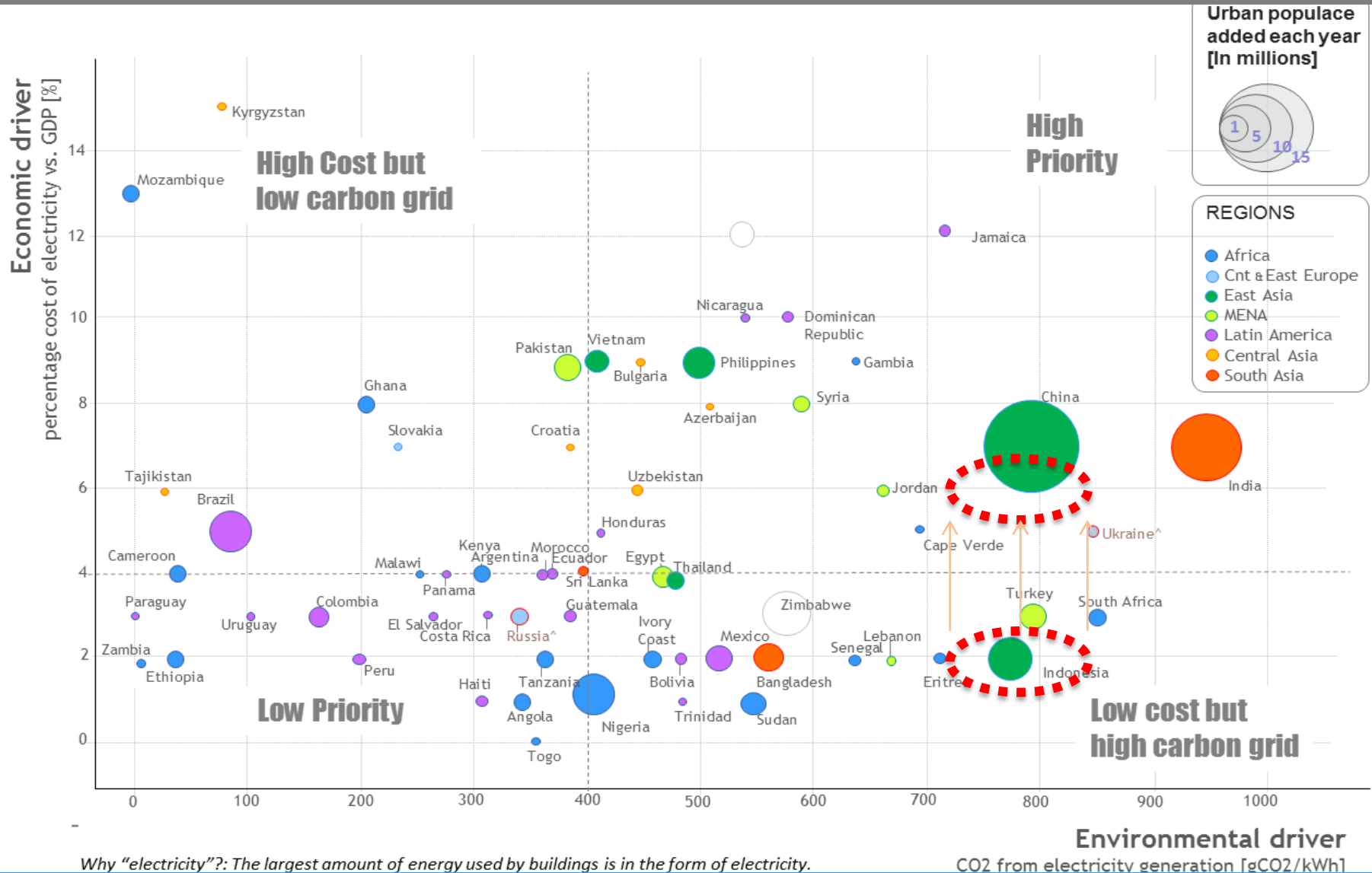
- Countries IFC is engaged on Green building Codes [GBC]
- Countries IFC is looking to engage on GBC

# Regions of focus



Source: IPCC A1 scenario, [www.ipcc.ch](http://www.ipcc.ch)

# Designing *new* buildings for greater efficiency is one of the biggest and most cost effective ways to reduce GHGs.



Why "electricity"? The largest amount of energy used by buildings is in the form of electricity.

CO2 from electricity generation [gCO2/kWh]

Green building options are commercially viable. By greening the building stock now one has the opportunity to make long term investments in low carbon.

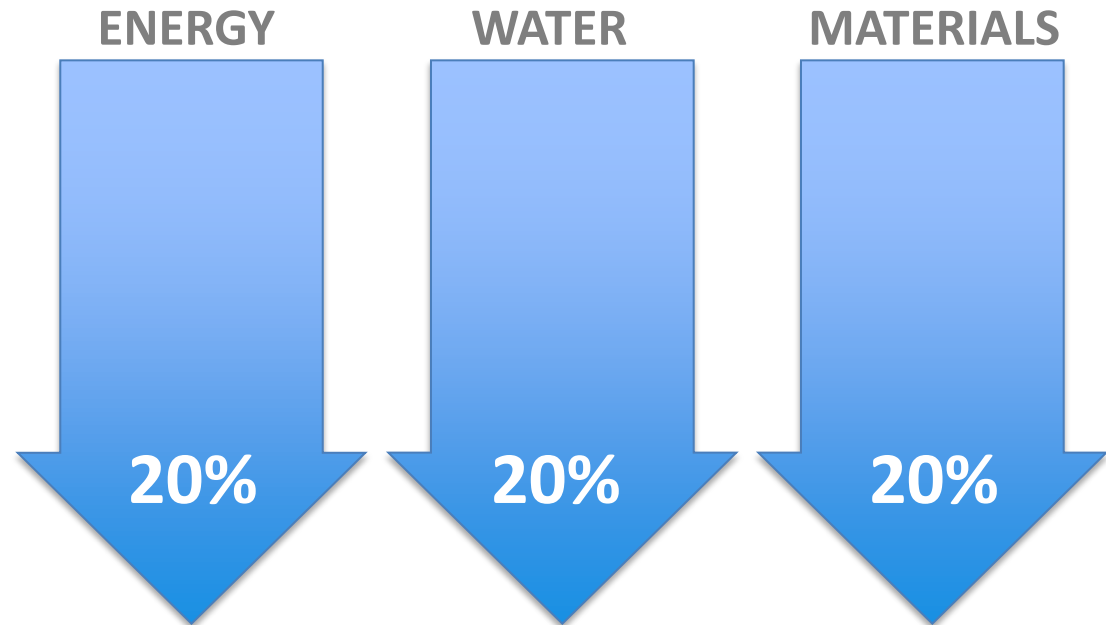
# Structure

## EDGE Tool and Certification

## What is the EDGE Standard?

‘A greenfield building that has 20% less energy, water and material consumption compared to an equivalent local benchmark.’

The standard provides a performance assurance to buyers and investors.



## EDGE Certificate

- Projects that meet the EDGE standard will receive a certificate confirming the project's predicted performance
- This can be used for corporate branding, marketing, and accessing better finance



## The EDGE Tools

- EDGE has contextual data of utility costs and climate for different cities
- EDGE uses building physics calculations to give design-specific results
- EDGE spells out the most effective technical measures
- EDGE provides an investment planning tool for building owners and developers



**EDGE Homes**  
Excellence In Design For Greater Efficiencies  
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**Type and Location Data** (Show Building Data)

Country:

City:

Type of Home:

Type of Home Owner:

Use a typical house / flat  **RESULTS**

Operational CO<sub>2</sub>:  CO<sub>2</sub> / year

Embodied CO<sub>2</sub>:  CO<sub>2</sub>

Estimated Utility Costs:  \$ / month

Use more detail

Total external wall area:  m<sup>2</sup>

Total window area:  m<sup>2</sup>

Total wall area:  m<sup>2</sup>

**Energy Efficiency Measures**  
(Select option from the list below)

- Automatic controls for all outdoor & / or corridor lights
- Low energy lightings (CFL / LED / TS Lights)
- All rooms with windows for sufficient daylight
- Roof insulation
- Wall insulation
- Reflective roof and wall paint
- Cross ventilation
- Ceiling fans in all habitable rooms
- External solar shading
- Heavy thermal mass in wall / ceiling / floors
- Low "E" coating on glazing
- Double glazed windows
- EE refrigerator
- EE gas water heaters
- Gas condensing boiler for space heating
- Solar water heating

Actual saving:

Total saving (inc. virtual):

**Energy kWh/m<sup>2</sup>/year**



Category	Reference Home	Improved Home
Lighting	10	10
Water Heating	10	10
Cooking	10	10
Refrigerator	10	10
Other appliances	10	10
Comfort heating	10	10
Comfort cooling	10	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>65</b>

**Location & Climate**

Country:

City:

**RESULTS**

Final Energy Use	257	kWh/Month
Final Water Use	21	m3/Month

Operational CO2 Savings	0.2	tCO2/year
Embodied CO2 Savings	-	tCO2

Base case utility costs	55.6	\$/month
Utility costs reduction	13.1	\$/month

### Energy Efficiency Measures

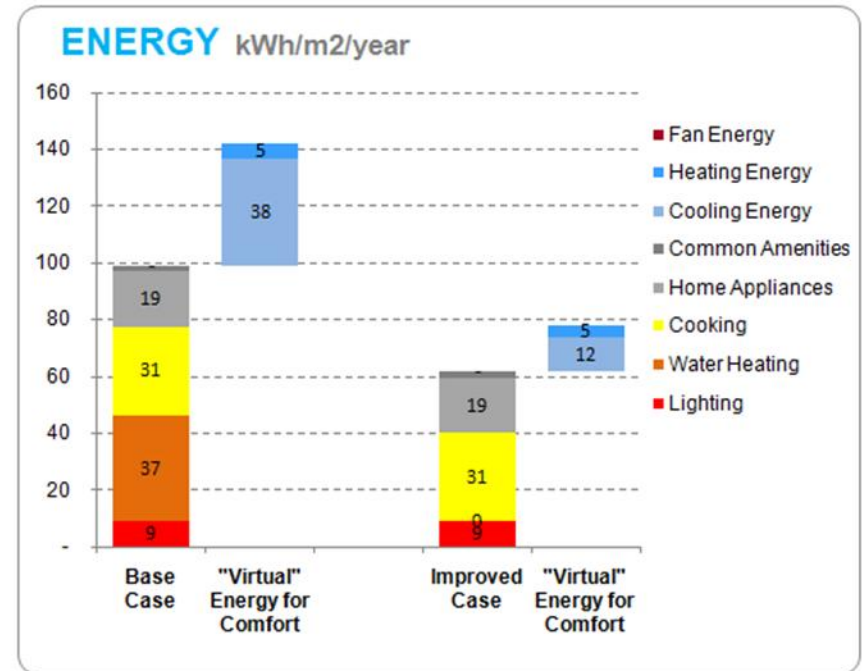
Select option from the list below

- Reflective Paint/Tiles for Roof
- Reflective Paint for External Wall
- External Shading devices with HSA or VSA of 70 degrees.
- Insulation for Roof - Exposed to sun
- Insulation for External Wall - Exposed to sun
- Single Low-E, Solar Control glass
- Double Low-E, Solar Control glass
- Design Cross ventilation
- Install Ceiling Fans in all habitable rooms
- Install VRV/VRF for Space Heating & Cooling
- Solar collectors for domestic hot water heating
- High efficient Gas Condensing boiler for Space Heating
- Energy Efficient Gas Heaters for Hot water required for domestic use
- Low energy [CFL/LED/T5] Light Fixtures for all living spaces
- Low energy [CFL/LED/T5] Light Fixtures for Corridors & Outdoor Common area
- Automatic Controls for all Corridor & Outdoor lighting
- Photovoltaics to meet X% [choose from list below] of annual electricity use

10% of annual electricity

0.00 kWp

**44.9%** ENERGY SAVING Meets EDGE energy standard



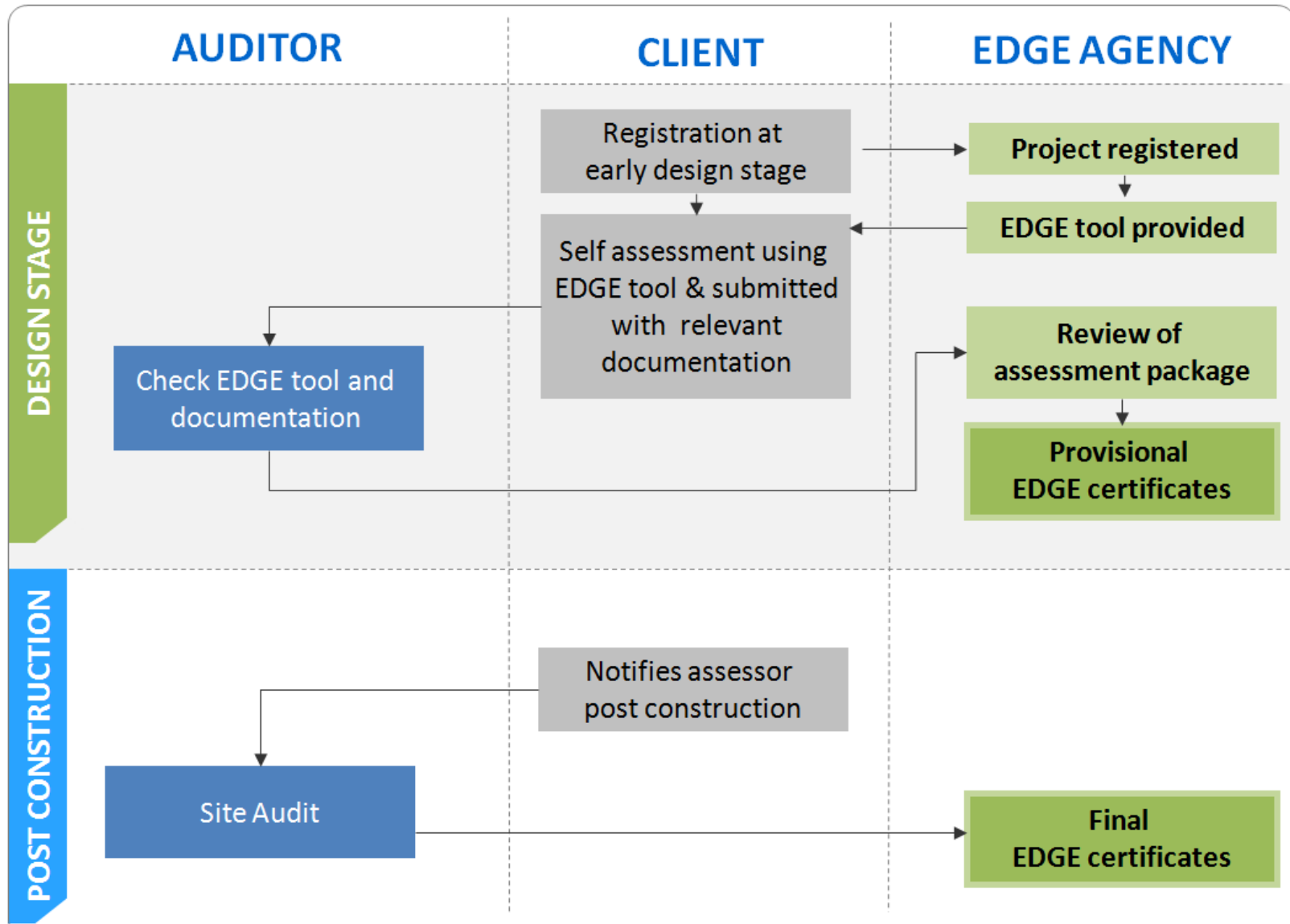
**EDGE has contextual data of utility costs and climate for different cities. It spells out the most effective technical options.**

## Who uses EDGE?

- **Investors** – to test the financial viability of a resource efficient building project.
- **Banks** – to offer green mortgages and green construction credit facility.
- **Building Owners** – to save on operational costs.
- **Developers** – to brand their projects ‘resource efficient’ and attract investors and buyers.



# EDGE certification process



## EDGE targets a gap in existing certification systems

### EDGE

- **3 criteria:** focused on resource efficiency: energy, water, and materials
- Efficiency label similar to US's 'Energy Star' and EU's Energy Performance Certification
- **Clear substantive goal:** >20% reduction in the 3 criteria areas
- **Purely analytical approach:** EDGE tool calculates energy savings based on quantitative data

### OTHERS (LEED, BREEAM)

- **6 or more criteria:** broader green buildings criteria such as health, transport, ecology, etc vs. specific to green buildings alone
- **Lenient requirements** on mandatory efficiency performance
- **Different weighting of criteria and categories:** non analytical, subjective scoring of measures

## EDGE

- **Pass/Fail** certification outcome
- Calculation tool is provided at **low/no cost**
- **Certifications issued more quickly**
- **Estimates cost savings from various technology solutions** which can be used by banks and FIs to assess financial viability

**SIMPLE, QUICK, AFFORDABLE**

Appropriate for mass market and developing countries

## OTHERS (LEED, BREEAM)

- **Levels of certification** e.g “certified”, “Silver”, “Gold”, “Platinum”
- Energy calculations require **complex simulation software**
- Assessment process is **lengthy and expensive**
- **No cost savings component or technology recommendations** in certification

**EXTENSIVE, HIGHER COST**

Designed for high-end projects (limited # of builders / owners)

## Green Building Code Development Approach

### Selected and Targeted

#### Building Sector

New  
buildings

Older Buildings typically  
waste less resources.

Rapid construction  
growth in region.

#### Resource Type

Energy Water  
Materials  
(listed according to  
typical priority)

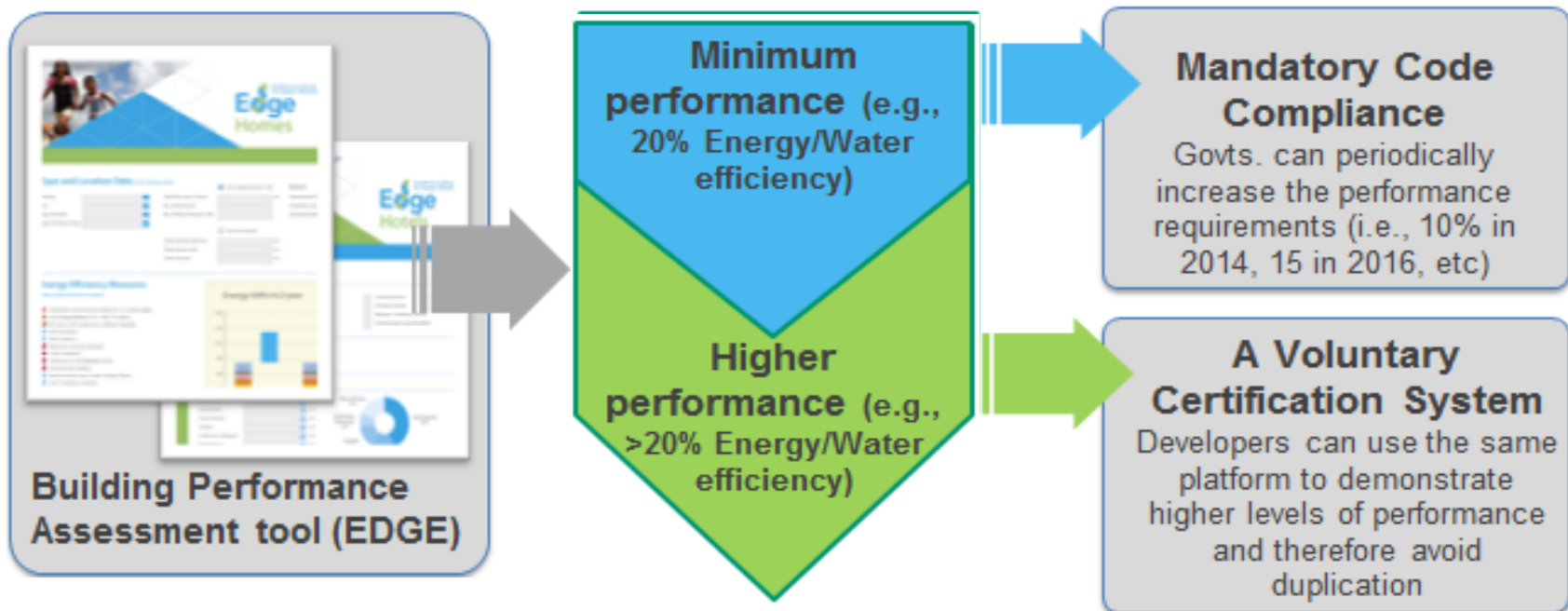
Alignment with  
national priorities

#### Building Type

Apartments  
Hotels  
Offices  
Retail  
Hospitals

Building types with high  
volume and/or high  
savings potential.

## Implementing a “hybrid approach”: The case of Colombia



**EDGE can be part of a regulated solution**

## Baseline

- Starting point for all resource reduction aspirations within EDGE
- Unique for every building, developed using the basic user inputs and detailed assumptions
- EDGE relies on information gleaned from typical building practices as well as national building performance codes, where they are in existence

### **The following location-specific information exists within EDGE:**

Temperature, Wind velocity, Humidity, Solar radiation, Annual average rainfall (mm), Carbon dioxide intensity of the electricity grid (gCO<sub>2</sub>/kWh), Average cost of energy

## EDGE Methodology

### HVAC Demand

Monthly quasi-steady-state calculation method based on the European CEN and ISO 13790 standards

### Hot Water Demand

EDGE broadly uses European standard EN 15316-3

### Lighting Demand

the “quick method” under EN 15193’s energy requirements

### Water Demand

Using number of water fixtures, occupancy, usage rates, and the rate of water flow through the fixtures

### Rainwater harvesting

using rainfall data from the project location and the size of the roof area from the design sheet.

### Embodied Energy

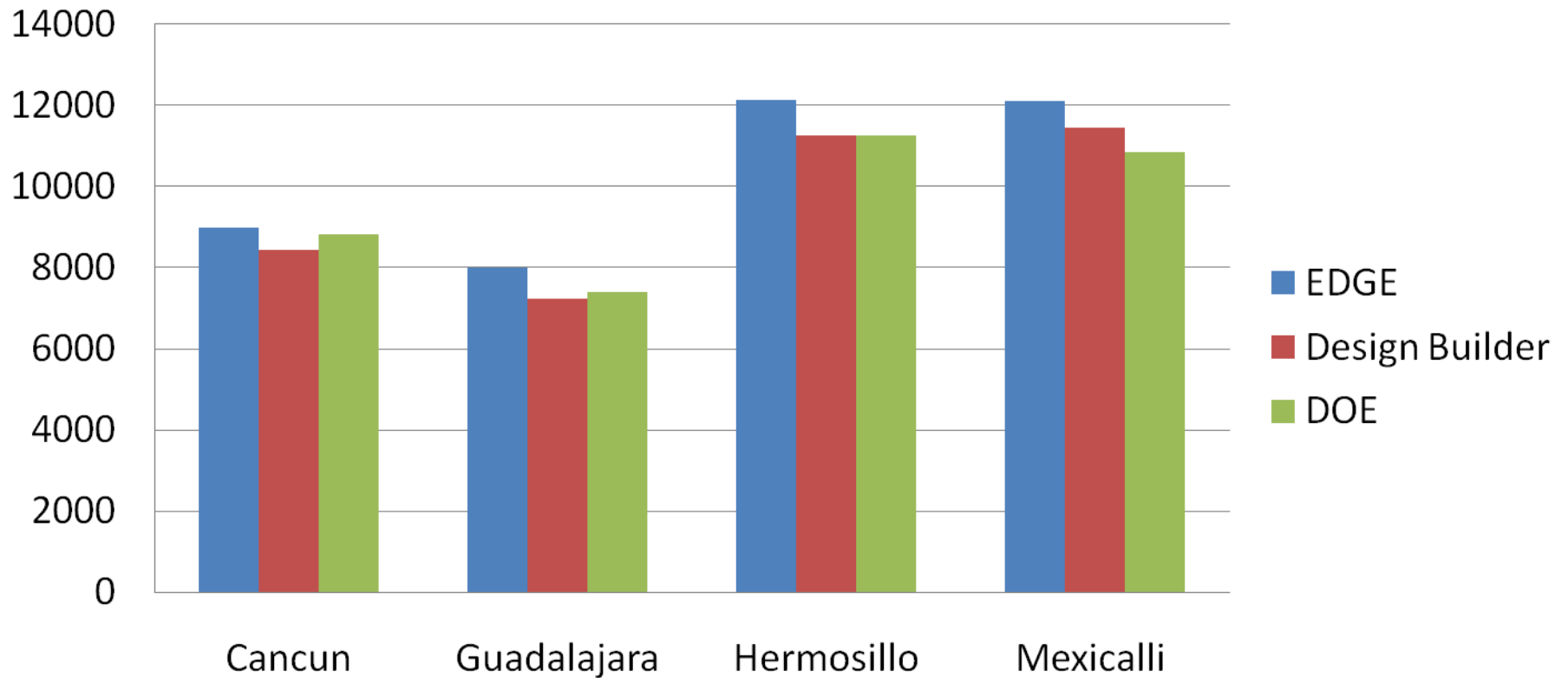
Available global data incl. Inventory of Carbon and Energy (ICE) developed by the University of Bath .

## Localizing EDGE

- Although a globally applicable tool, it will be localized to update assumptions and resource efficiency measure selection with the help of a local market study and data collection
- The final outputs of EDGE will also be validated and calibrated for each market
- EDGE will be customized and administered with a local partner

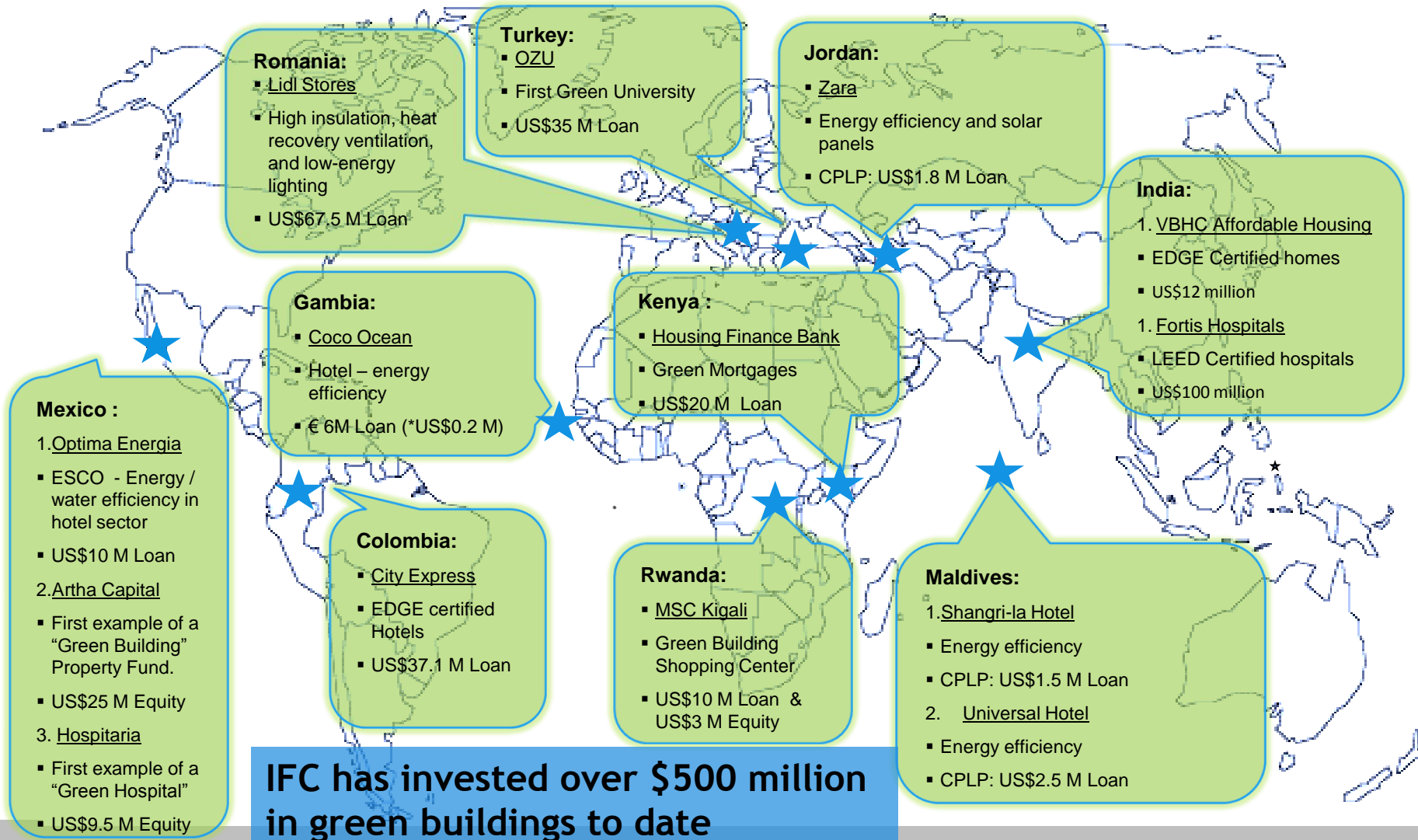
## EDGE Validation- Example

### Annual Energy consumption estimates kWh/year



# Case Studies

# EDGE Global Green Building Track Record



**IFC has invested over \$500 million in green buildings to date**

## RESIDENTIAL CASE STUDY

Apartment in Latin America



## Energy, Water, and Materials

## Cost Savings



### Low-energy lights

Limiting power density



### Solar collectors

For hot water



### Low-flow taps

For kitchen sinks



### Dual flush

For toilets



### Hollow concrete blocks

For external walls

\$110 / yr

\$20 / yr

\$100

**Incremental Capital Costs**

\$500

**Energy Cost Savings**

37%

**Water Cost Savings**

40%

**Payback Time**

3 years










## COMMERCIAL CASE STUDY

### 3-Star Hotel Property in Southeast Asia



#### Energy Efficiency Measures

#### Energy Savings

	Glazing percentage Window-to-wall ratio on façade	7%
	Solar shading Horizontal & vertical devices	5%
	Glass performance Solar & thermal properties	11%
	Efficient air-conditioner Higher chiller COP	6%
	Heat recovery Adding unit to fresh air inlet	1.5%
	Solar collectors For hot water	5%
	Low-energy lights Limiting power density	6%
	T5 fluorescent lamps For back-of-house lighting	0.4%
	Movement control sensors For corridors	0.5%

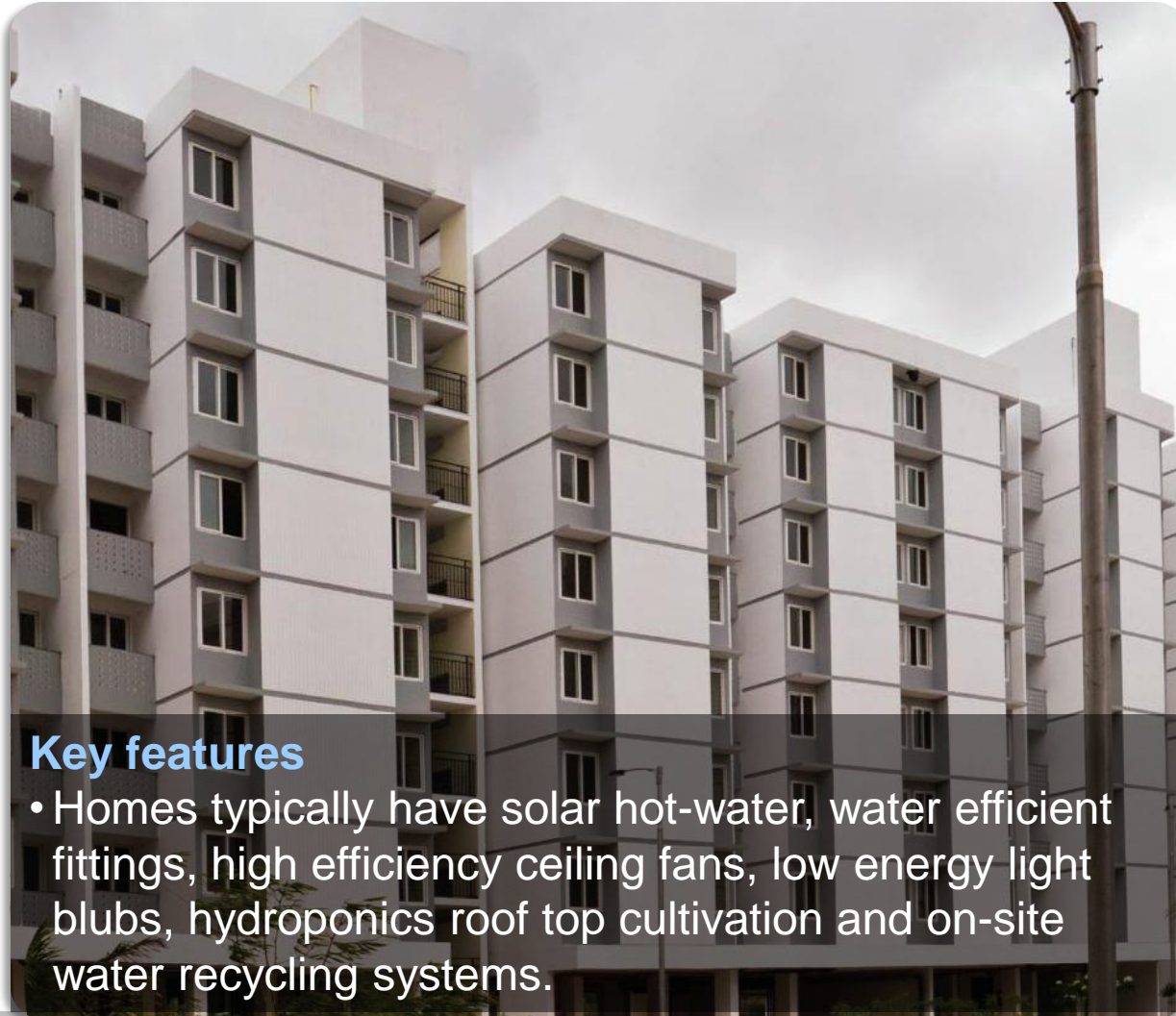
Incremental Capital Costs \$300,000

Cumulative Energy Savings 30%

Energy Cost Savings \$144,000

Payback Time 2 years

# Value Budget Housing, India



## Key features

- Homes typically have solar hot-water, water efficient fittings, high efficiency ceiling fans, low energy light bulbs, hydroponics roof top cultivation and on-site water recycling systems.

- Business: Housing developer
- Committed to getting all its homes EDGE certified.
- IFC provides long term equity capital
- IFC Financing:
- US\$11 million equity



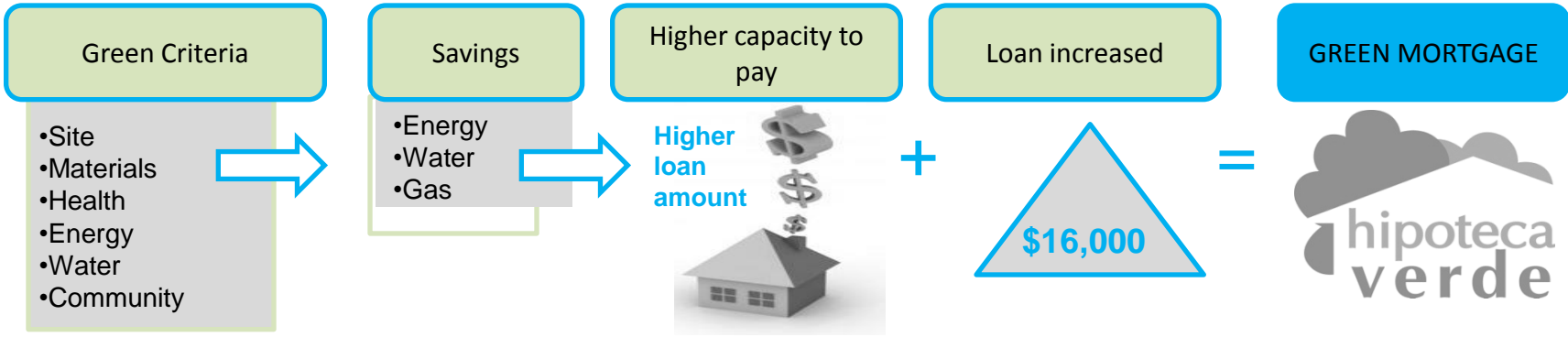
Roof top cultivation using hydroponics

# Green Mortgages: Mexico Case Study

- The Infonavit's\* **Green Mortgage Program** was initiated in 2007, to provide an extra credit to buy new houses which incorporate sustainable and energy efficient technologies, such as Solar hot-water, CFLs, water saving faucets, and thermal insulation.
- The Program targets state-aided house buyers with **low-income** for homes that cost less than \$43,000.



## GREEN MORTGAGE MODEL



## RESULTS

**In 2010, 100,025 green houses financed**  
**In 2011, all Infonavit mortgages were Green Mortgages**

Table 7: Green mortgages provided by INFONAVIT until September, 2010

2007	2008	2009	2010 ytd
647	1,131	105,104*	100,025*

Source: CONAVI, 2010

## Example of IFC's Green Building Client: Artha Capital, Mexico

### Sustainable communities

### Key Features:

- 80% of developments to be within 200 meters of public transportation options.
- 50% of all street lighting to use solar-powered LED lighting.
- 60,000 homes to be constructed with low-energy lighting (CFLs) and solar water heaters.

Artha Capital provides investments in real estate developments for integrated and sustainable communities in Mexico.

IFC's equity investment helped this property fund to acquire land and provide basic infrastructure for 60,000 homes with low-energy lighting and solar water heaters. By taking an approach that integrates industrial, retail, tourism, and residential, Artha Capital creates employment opportunities in communities with high environmental standards, enabling people to live near their place of work.

IFC Financing:  
US\$25 million equity

Significance: First example of a green building element in a property fund.

## Example of IFC's Green Building Client: Vinte, Mexico

### Green Homes



### Key features

- Homes typically have solar hot-water, water efficient fittings, low energy light bulbs and smart meters.

**Business:** Housing developer with affordable and sustainable home design as an integral part of its business model.

- VINTE's attractive, well-planned developments are a major step up—and affordable through Mexico's Green Mortgage program that provides incentives for purchasing energy-efficient homes. The program recently won the International Star of Energy Efficiency Award from the Alliance to Save Energy, a business-led global NGO.

IFC's first direct investment in a sustainable housing developer



# IFC is responding through investment with FIs

e.g. green building finance: Housing Finance Bank, Kenya



Low energy lights for all living spaces



Low-Flow showerheads



Dual Flush for Water Closets



Solar hot water heaters

IFC's first investment in a financial institution for green construction finance: US\$16 million credit line + \$4m concessional loan.

## Example of IFC's Green Building Investment: Actis Africa RE Fund 2

### One Airport Square, Accra, Ghana

Actis has adopted IFC's mandatory Green Building standards\* for all sites and has put in place sustainability guidelines applicable to all of the Fund's property investments.

### Key Features

- Building over 50% more energy efficient than peer group in Accra
- Natural light and natural ventilation to minimise energy demand
  - Rainwater harvesting
- Overhangs provide shading from intensive solar radiation
  - Heat recovery through centralised fresh air system
- Ear-marked to be first Green Star rated building in West Africa

\* Note: IFC's suggested minimum performance for 'Green Buildings' is based on CO2/energy criterion defined as a green field building that has 25% less energy consumption and/or 25% less CO2 emissions compared to an equivalent benchmark

# Ciputra Homes and retail development, Indonesia



## RESULTS

Final Energy Use	901 kWh/Month
Final Water Use	20.8 m3/Month

Operational CO2 Savings	2.4 tCO2/year
Embodied Energy Savings	- MJ

Base case utility costs	81.4 \$/month
Utility costs reduction	15.6 \$/month

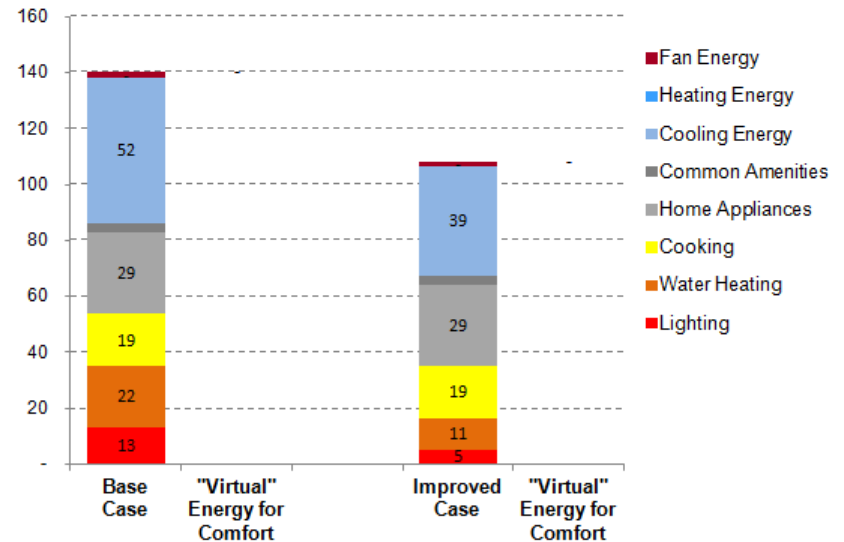
## Energy Efficiency Measures

Select option from the list below

EM01	<input type="checkbox"/>	Reflective Paint/Tiles for Roof	
EM02	<input type="checkbox"/>	Reflective Paint for External Wall	
EM03	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	External Shading Devices with HSA or VSA of 70 degrees	
EM04	<input type="checkbox"/>	Insulation of Roof Surface	
EM05	<input type="checkbox"/>	Insulation of External Wall	
EM06	<input type="checkbox"/>	Single Low-E, Solar Control glass	U Value [W/m2 K] 3.00 SHGC 0.45
EM07	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Double Low-E, Solar Control glass	U Value [W/m2 K] 1.95 SHGC 0.28
EM08	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Design Cross ventilation (Living spaces with opening on >2 orientations)	
EM09	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Install Ceiling Fans in all habitable rooms	
EM10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Install efficient (VRV/VRF) Cooling (< 0.34 kWh/kWh)	0.29
EM11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Solar Water Heaters - User to enter % value of total heating requirement	50%
EM12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	High efficiency gas boiler for Space Heating @ >80% Eff. User to enter %	80%
EM13	<input type="checkbox"/>	High efficiency gas boiler for hot water heating @ >80% Eff. User to enter %	80%
EM14	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Low energy [CFL/LED/T5] Light Fixtures for all Living Spaces	
EM15	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Low energy [CFL/LED/T5] Light Fixtures for Corridors & Outdoor Common area	
EM16	<input type="checkbox"/>	Automatic Controls for all Corridors & Outdoor Lighting	
EM17	<input type="checkbox"/>	Solar Photovoltaics to meet of annual electricity use - User to enter %	50%

22.9% ENERGY SAVING Meets EDGE energy standard

## ENERGY kWh/m<sup>2</sup>/year





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[www.ifc.org/edge](http://www.ifc.org/edge)

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